

## MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. Pat Dougherty, secretary to the Governor, appeared at the bar of the House and, being duly announced, presented the following message from the Governor, which was read to the House, as follows:

Executive Office,  
State of Texas.

Austin, Texas, February 18, 1930.

To the House of Representatives of the  
Forty-first Legislature:

I return herewith House bill No. 22, which I have vetoed.

This bill places the jury wheel law in force in counties having a population of between 37,500 and 38,000. The reason for a jury wheel law is based upon the fact that some counties have such a large population that jury commissioners cannot possibly know the qualified jurors and the jury wheel is used as a sort of lottery from which to draw jurors. I do not believe that the provisions of the jury wheel law should be extended to the smaller counties of Texas, because I believe the system of jury commissioners is a far more satisfactory system for selecting jurors than the jury wheel system, unless the population of the county is so great that commissioners cannot reasonably be expected to know any considerable number of qualified jurors.

Respectfully submitted,

DAN MOODY,  
Governor.

H. B. No. 22.

An Act amending Article 2094 of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, relating to the selection of jurors for service in the district and county courts, so as to make said article apply in any county having therein a city containing a population of at least twenty thousand, and in any county shown by the last United States Census to have a population of not less than thirty-seven thousand five hundred, and not more than thirty-eight thousand, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Article 2094, Chapter 7, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, is hereby amended by the addition thereunto as follows:

"Article 2094a. The provisions of this article and of Articles 2094 and 2103, inclusive, of said chapter, shall also apply to all counties shown by the

United States Census of 1920 to have had a population of not less than thirty-seven thousand five hundred, and not more than thirty-eight thousand."

Sec. 2. The fact that the calendar is now crowded creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and said rule is hereby suspended, and that this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

W. S. BARRON,  
Speaker of the House.  
BARRY MILLER,  
President of the Senate.

I hereby certify that House bill No. 22 was passed by the House on February 13, 1930, by the following vote: Yeas 106, nays 0.

LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY,  
Chief Clerk of the House.

I hereby certify that House bill No. 22 was passed by the Senate on February 18, 1930, by the following vote: Yeas 26, nays 0.

BOB BARKER,  
Secretary of the Senate.

Received in the Executive Office, this 18th day of February, A. D. 1930, at 3 o'clock and — minutes.

M. L. WIGINTON.